UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 $\,$

Date of Report (Date of Earliest Event Reported):

October 23, 2019

MGIC Investment Corporation

_			
	(Exact name of registrant as	specified in its charter)	
Wisconsin	Wisconsin 1-10816		39-1486475
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)	(Commissio	n File Number)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
250 E. Kilbourn Avenue	Milwaukee,	Wisconsin	53202
(Address of principal executive off	fices)		(Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code:	(4:	14) 347-6480	
	Not Appli	cable	
Fo	ormer name or former address.	, if changed since last report	
Se	ecurities registered pursuant to	Section 12(b) of the Act:	
Title of each class	<u>Trading Sym</u>	<u>bol</u>	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock	MTG		New York Stock Exchange
Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the	e filing obligation of the registra	ant under any of the following provision	ons:
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $			
$\hfill \Box$ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)			
$\hfill \Box$ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act ((17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))		
$\hfill \Box$ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act ((17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in a this chapter).	as defined in Rule 405 of the S	Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of thi	s chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of
Emerging growth company			
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to un Exchange Act. []	ise the extended transition per	riod for complying with any new or re	evised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the

Item 5.02. Departure of Directors or Certain Officers; Election of Directors; Appointment of Certain Officers; Compensatory Arrangements of Certain Officers.

(d) On October 23, 2019, the Board of Directors of MGIC Investment Corporation (the "Company") elected Jay C. Hartzell and Sheryl L. Sculley as new members. Dr. Hartzell was appointed to the Board's Audit Committee and its Risk Management Committee. Ms. Sculley was appointed to the Board's Securities Investment Committee and its Audit Committee.

Jay C. Hartzell is Dean of the McCombs School of Business at the University of Texas at Austin, a position he has held since 2016. He joined the University of Texas in 2001 and held several key administrative roles at the McCombs School before being named Dean, including Senior Associate Dean for Academic Affairs, Chair of the Finance Department, and Executive Director of the School's Real Estate Finance and Investment Center. Prior to joining the University of Texas, Dr. Hartzell taught at the Stern School of Business at New York University.

Sheryl L. Sculley is the former City Manager of the City of San Antonio Texas, the Chief Executive Officer of the municipal corporation, a position she held from 2005 until her retirement at the end of April 2019. Prior to serving in that role, Ms. Sculley had been the Assistant City Manager (Chief Operating Officer) of Phoenix, Arizona from 1989 until 2005, the City Manager (Chief Executive Officer) of Kalamazoo, Michigan from 1984 until 1989 and in other city management roles before then.

Dr. Hartzell and Ms. Sculley will participate in the compensation program for non-executive directors as described in the Company's 2019 Proxy Statement which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 22, 2019. On October 24, 2019, Dr. Hartzell and Ms. Sculley were awarded, under the MGIC Investment Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors, a grant of 1,871.9212 share units, representing the pro rata share of an annual grant made to each of the Company's non-management directors.

Item 8.01. Other Events.

We are furnishing as Exhibit 99 to this Report an October 2019 Investor Presentation.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

Pursuant to General Instruction B.2 to Form 8-K, the Company's October 2019 Investor Presentation is furnished as Exhibit 99 and is not filed.

Exhibit No.

99 104

Description

October 2019 Investor Presentation. (Pursuant to General Instruction B.2 to Form 8-K, this Investor Presentation is furnished and is not filed.) Cover Page Interactive Data File (the cover page XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

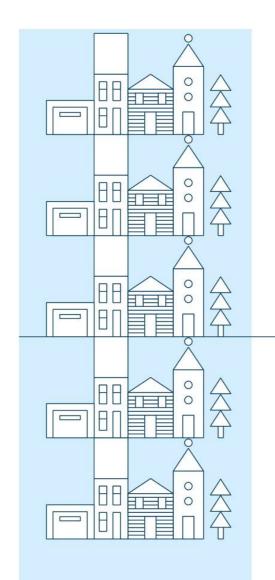
MGIC INVESTMENT CORPORATION

Date: October 25, 2019

By: \s\ Paula C. Maggio

Paula C. Maggio

Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary



MGIC

Investor Presentation Q3 2019

MGIC Investment Corporation (NYSE: MTG)



Forward Looking Statements



As used below, "we," "our" and "us" refer to MGIC Investment Corporation's consolidated operations or to MGIC Investment Corporation, as the context requires, and "MGIC" refers to Mortgage Guaranty Insurance Corporation.

This presentation may contain forward looking statements. Our actual results could be affected by the risk factors that are summarized at the end of this presentation. These risk factors may also cause actual results to differ materially from the results contemplated by any forward looking statements that we may make.

Forward looking statements consist of statements which relate to matters other than historical fact, including matters that inherently refer to future events. Among others, statements that include words such as "believe," "anticipate," "will" or "expect," or words of similar import, are forward looking statements.

We are not undertaking any obligation to update any forward looking statements or other statements we may make even though these statements may be affected by events or circumstances occurring after the forward looking statements or other statements were made. No investor should rely on the fact that such statements are current at any time other than the time at which this presentation was prepared in October 2019.



MGIC Investment Corporation Key Financial Metrics Q3 2019



- \$176.9 million GAAP net income in Q3 19; \$173.6 million adjusted net operating income⁽¹⁾ in Q3 19
 - Benefited from positive primary loss reserve development and accelerated premium earnings on single premium policy cancell
- \$0.49 net income per diluted share
- 17.5% GAAP annualized return on beginning shareholders' equity in Q3 19⁽²⁾
- Incurred losses increased primarily due to lower favorable development on previously received delinquencies in Q3 19 compute to O3 18
- \$70 million in dividends paid from MGIC to MTG
- Repurchased ~5.5 million shares of common stock for \$69 million
- Paid a common stock cash dividend of \$0.06 per common share on September 20, 2019

	3 Month	% Change		
(\$ in millions)	Sep – 18	Sep - 19	y/o/y	
Total revenues	\$290.4	\$318.4	9.6%	
Incurred losses, net	(\$1.5)	\$34.0	N/M	
Net income	\$181.9	\$176.9	(3%)	
Adjusted Net Operating Income (1)	\$180.9	\$173.6	(4%)	
Primary Delinquent Inventory (# of units)	33,398	29,940	(10%)	
Key Operating Metrics				
Loss Ratio (%)	(0.6%)	12.7%		
Expense Ratio (%)	17.6%	17.7%		
Statutory Risk-to-Capital - MGIC	9.0:1	9.9:1		

^{1.} We present this non-GAAP financial measure "Adjusted Net Operating Income" to increase the comparability between periods of our financial results. See Page 27 for a reconciliation of GAAP net income to adjusted net operating income.

^{2.} GAAP return on beginning shareholders' equity is the ratio of GAAP net income for each period shown x 4 divided by beginning shareholders' equity for each period.



MGIC Investment Corporation Key Financial Metrics YTD 2019



- \$496.7 million GAAP net income YTD 2019; \$493.7 million adjusted net operating income⁽⁴⁾ YTD 2019
 - Benefited from positive primary loss reserve development and accelerated premium earnings on single premium policy cancell
- \$1.36 net income per diluted share
- 18.5% GAAP annualized return on 2019 beginning shareholders' equity
- Increased book value 18.4%
- Incurred losses increased y/o/y due to lower favorable development on previously received delinquencies and the recognition
 a probable loss from litigation of our claims paying practices in the first quarter of 2019
- \$210 million in dividends paid from MGIC to MTG
- Repurchased ~7.3 million shares of common stock for \$94 million

	9 Month	% Change		
(\$ in millions)	Sep - 18	Sep - 19	y/o/y	
Total revenues	\$838.2	\$902.3	8%	
Incurred losses, net	\$8.9	\$94.9	969%	
Net income	\$512.4	\$496.7	(3%)	
Adjusted Net Operating Income (1)	\$514.7	\$493.7	(4%)	
Primary Delinquent Inventory (# of units)	33,398	29,940	(10%)	
Key Operating Metrics				
Loss Ratio (%)	1.2%	12.4%		
Expense Ratio (%)	17.8%	18.1%		
Statutory Risk-to-Capital - MGIC	9.0:1	9.9:1		

We present this non-GAAP financial measure "Adjusted Net Operating Income" to increase the comparability between periods of our financial results. See Page 27 for a reconciliation of GAAP net income to adjusted net operating income.



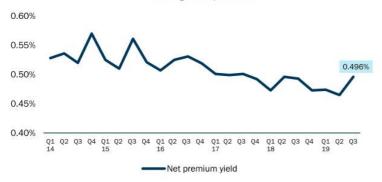
MGIC Investment Corporation Key Financial Metrics







Net Premium Yield (1) Trends as Business Evolves to a Risk Adjusted Pricing and Capital Model



Persistency and IIF



Favorable Trends for New Delinquent Notices Received and a Steady Improvemer Cure Rates of Previously Received Notices Has Resulted in Low Net Losses Inc

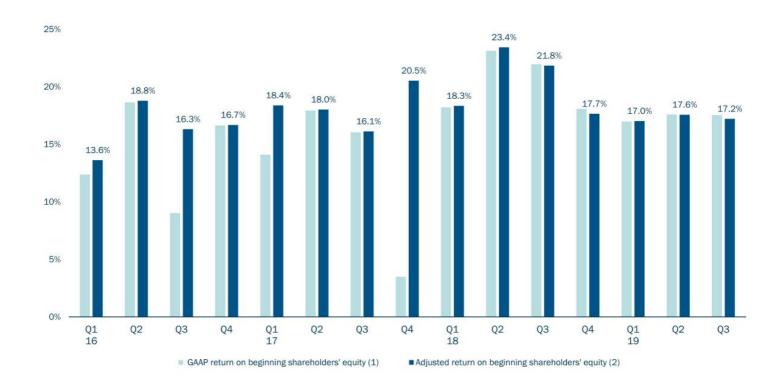


- 1. Net premium yield is the ratio of net premiums earned / average insurance in force for each period shown. The net premium yield reported each period can be affected by changes in estimates for prefunds, accelerated recognition of premiums from single premium policies, changes in reinsurance contract terms, premium rates on NIW, premium rate resets, and premium rates on remaining insurations.
- 2. Prior period reserve development in Q1 2019 includes the recognition of a \$23.5 million probable loss from litigation of our claims paying practices; excluding this charge, the prior period positive loss r development would have been approximately \$32 million.



Return on Equity Being Driven by Quality NIW and Improved Credit Profile of IIF





- 1. GAAP return on beginning shareholders' equity is the ratio of GAAP net income for each period shown x 4 divided by beginning shareholders' equity for each period.
- 2. Adjusted return on beginning shareholders' equity is the ratio of adjusted net operating income for each period shown x 4 divided by beginning shareholders' equity for each period. See P 27 for a reconciliation of GAAP net income to adjusted net operating income.



Capital Management Objectives



- Influence and ensure compliance with capital requirements;
- Manage relationships to foster access to capital and reinsurance markets;
- Size the level of capital to balance competitive needs, handle contingencies, and create shareholder value, including analyzing the size and form of capital return to shareholders;
- Position our mix of debt, equity and/or reinsurance to support our business strategy while considering the needs of credit ratings agencies, regulators, and shareholders;
- Support business opportunities by efficiently using company resources, aligning legal structure and enablin capital flexibility;
- Continue positive ratings trajectory;
- Cover claim obligations arising from our underlying mortgage insurance activities.



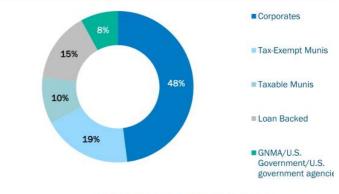
Strong Balance Sheet Investment Portfolio Overview At September 30, 2019



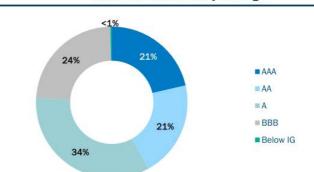
Commentary

- \$5.8 billion of cash and investments (consolidated)
 - Includes \$308 million at holding company
- 99.7% Investment Grade
 - ~76% with an underlying rating of "A" or better
- Effective Duration of 4.0 years (excludes cash and cash equivalents)
- Embedded pre-tax yield is 3.12%

Invested Assets By Type



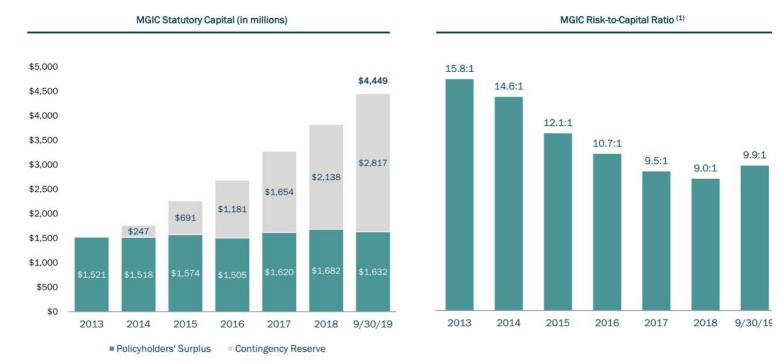
Fixed Income Security Ratings





Strong Statutory Capital Position



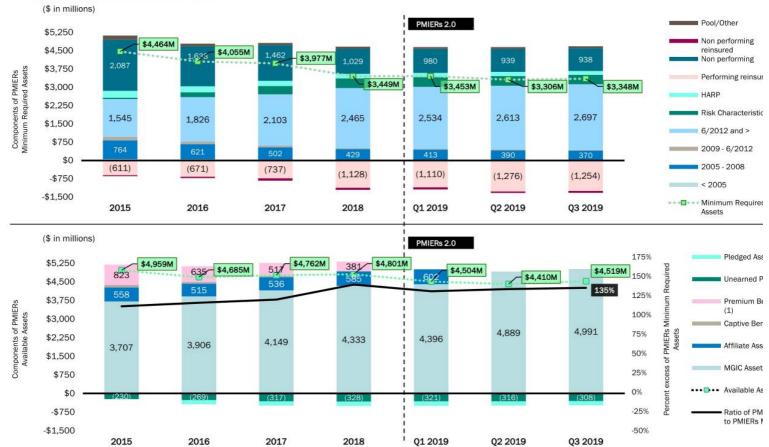


- Solid capital position enhanced by quota share and excess-of-loss (insurance-linked notes) reinsurance agreements
- \$2.9 billion of statutory capital in excess of state requirement
- 1. A reinsurance agreement in effect between Mortgage Guaranty Insurance Corporation and an affiliate was terminated during Q2 2019 and an external quota share reinsurance transaction was restructured



PMIERs Asset Trends





- 1. Revised PMIERs became effective March 31, 2019. The decrease in our available assets at March 31, 2019 was primarily due to the elimination of any credit for future premiums that had previously been allowed certain insurance policies.
- 2. A reinsurance agreement in effect between Mortgage Guaranty Insurance Corporation and an affiliate was terminated during Q2 2019



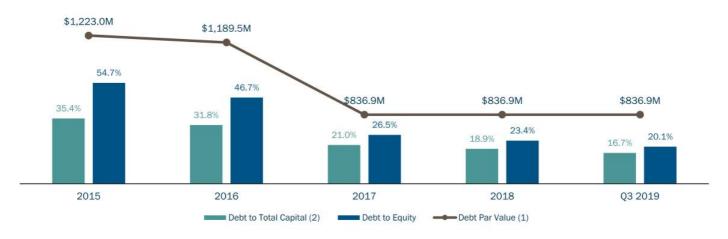
Debt Outstanding As of September 30, 2019



Company	Issuance	Par Value	Interest Rate	Maturity	
MGIC	FHLB Advance	\$155.0 million	1.91% Fixed Rate	February 2023	
MTG (HoldCo)	Senior Notes	\$425.0 million	5.75% Fixed Rate	August 2023	• \$308 million cash and i
MTG (HoldCo)	Convertible Jr. Subordinated Debentures (1)	\$256.9 million	9.00% Fixed Rate	April 2063	holding company (before dividends declared) • \$60 million annual debto basis

- investments at ore effect of Q4
- bt service on a cash

Improved Debt to Capital Position



- Convertible Junior Subordinated Debentures due 2063 are shown net of the \$133 million that is still outstanding and is owned by MGIC.
- Debt to Total Capital is the ratio of Debt Outstanding / (Debt Outstanding + Shareholders Equity)



Key Drivers of MGIC's Strategy



Continued MI Leadership

- Largest customer base in industry (~5,000 lenders/servicers)
- Established market player positioned to take advantage of current environment
- · Exceptional customer service with industry-leading low expense ratio

Risk & Capital Management

- Focus on increasing holding company capital allocation options
 - Repurchased ~16mm shares in 2018 / Repurchased ~7.3 million shares in 2019 through September 30th
 - As of September 30, 2019 ~\$131 million remaining under share repurchase authorization expiring in December 2020
 - Returned approximately \$90 million through Q3 dividend payment and share repurchases; declared a \$0.06/share common cash dividend on October 24, 2019, payable on November 25, 2019
- Reinsurance treaties cover a portion of the risk on ~87% of risk in force as of September 30, 2019
 - > Use of quota share reinsurance transactions and excess of loss reinsurance (insurance linked note) transactions provide both risk and PMIERs capital relief
- Maintain PMIERs/state capital compliance with adequate ability to absorb reasonable economic shocks

Continued Growth

- · Promote prudent low down payment lending with lenders, policymakers and consumers
- Support efforts to right-size the FHA's role in housing
- Participate in additional risk sharing opportunities with GSEs and lenders when returns add to shareholder value



Good Progress on Executing Business Strategies September 30, 2019



Prudently grow insurance in force Pursue new business opportunities that meet our return objectives		Preserve and expand the role of MGIC and Private MI in housing finance policy	Develop and diversify the talents of co-workers	Manage and deploy capital to optimize creation of shareholder value		
•\$218.1 billion of insurance in force (~+6% y/o/y) •87% of RIF is 2009 and > •Average FICO > 750 on 2009 and > NIW •Low delinquency and ever to date losses on 2009 and > NIW	Promote and enhance our infrastructure to further participate in frontend risk sharing opportunities Participating in GSE mortgage insurance credit risk transfer programs	 Private MI has a meaningful market share of High LTV Market Private MI NIW volume of ~\$290 billion in 2018; ~\$156 billion in 1H 2019 MGIC had ~16.0% market share in 1H 19; ~17.4% market share in 2018 Increased visibility in housing policy arenas 	•Increased investment in co-worker development while maintaining industry low expense ratio •Promote accountability and reward success	Positive ratings tra Y/O/Y decreased leverage ratios an reduced potential dilution Repurchased ~24 shares in 2018 ar 2019 Book value per sh increased 23.8%		
MGIC Insurance in Force (Billions) \$220.0 \$220.0 \$180.0 \$174.5		High LTV Market Share Total Originations for Entire Market) (1) 38.7% 40.6%	\$14.00 \$12.00 \$10.00 \$8.00 \$6.58 \$7.	ook Value Per Share \$10.08		









Summary



Unique Company

- Enables private investment in mortgage credit risk
- Established market player positioned to take advantage of current environment
- · Solid capital position and positive ratings momentum
- Proven track record of execution with strong management team

Potential Financial Tailwinds

- · Growing Insurance in force; Increasing owner occupied households
- · Positive loss trajectory of legacy book; Low loss ratios from 2009 and > books
- · Meaningful dividends from the writing company to the holding company
- · Programs to transfer additional mortgage credit risk

Potential Financial Headwinds

- · Premium revenue growth limited in near term as net premium yield drifts lower
 - changing mix of remaining insurance in force (legacy books have materially higher premium ra compared to business written since then)
 - > reinsurance and insurance linked note transactions
- US Treasury and HUD Housing Reform Plans
 - > Changes in roles of FHA and GSEs in Housing Finance
- Housing Finance Reform
 - GSE Patch expires January 2021; CFPB received public comments about impact and alternation
- Emerging alternatives to traditional mortgage insurance



MGIC at a Glance

September 30, 2019



Ready, willing and able to expand our role in a robust mortgage finance system

1	finance system								
	Credit trends continue t develop favorably	to	\$218.1bn Insurance in force						
	Exceptional customer so while being low cost pro		Experienced sales and operations staff supporting ~5,000 lenders and servicers						
	61 years an unparalle		provides for success						
	\$4.4bn statutory capital \$5.8bn high quality			\$496.7mm YTD 2019 GAAP net income \$4.2bn shareholders'					
	cash and investment portfolio			equity \$6.1bn Assets					





Appendix



MGIC Investment Corporation Overview



✓ Who we are

- The nation's oldest private mortgage insurer, with insurance in force of \$218.1 billion
- In 1957 Max Karl founded the modern MI industry and MGIC in Milwaukee, WI
- ~750 employees, including an experienced sales and underwriting team covering the U.S. and other locations

✓ What we do

- Take first-loss credit position on low down payment residential mortgages
- Reduce cost for borrowers and promote risk-sharing compared to FHA
- Enable private investment in mortgage credit risk
- Provide long term credit enhancement options to investors in mortgages

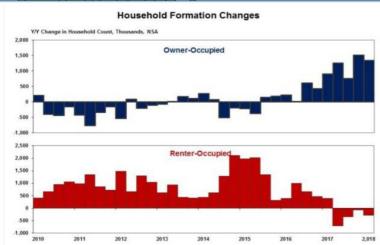
✓ Our strategies

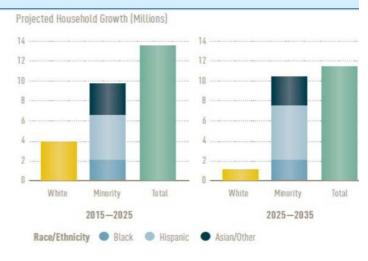
- Prudently grow insurance in force
- Pursue new business opportunities that meet our return objectives
- Preserve and expand the role of MGIC and Private MI in housing finance policy
- Manage and deploy capital to optimize the creation of shareholder value
- Develop and diversify the talents of our co-workers

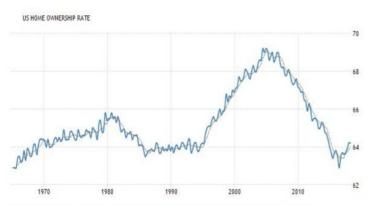


Solid Demographic Trends Are Positively Influencing Housing Markets









Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics and Harvard Joint Center for Housing Studies

✓ Increasing household formations

- Increase in owner-occupied partially offset by a decline in renters
- √ ~45 million households between ages 25 and 3
 - √ (Homeownership rate is ~35% for < 35 year olds and ~60% for 35 44 year olds)
 </p>
- ✓ Homeownership rates off of lows and rising



Mortgage Origination Outlook



Origination Forecasts (in Billions)



Commentary

- ✓ 2019 mortgage origination forecasts ~\$2.0 trillion
 - ✓ Overall market volume increasing
- GSEs and MBA all forecasting modest increases in purch activity over next few years
- ✓ Good environment for Private MI
 - MI market share 3.5-4x higher for Purchase busines Refinance business
 - ✓ Attractive interest rate environment
 - Strong demand for housing especially among millen

Source: Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and MBA as of September 2019



High LTV Lending Trends



Private and Government Insured Loans as % of Total Origination Market (1)

Private MI Market Share of Insured Loans (2)



Insured loans equals the total dollar volume of PMI, FHA, VA and USDA insurance issued in that period as a percentage of total originations for the same period as reported by Inside Mortgage Finance July 2019 Source: Inside Mortgage Finance August 2019

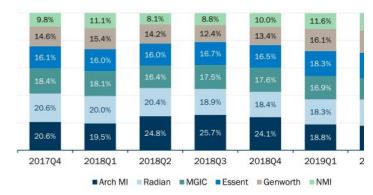


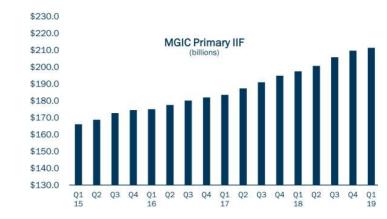
Market Share / Insurance in Force



Market Share by NIW (1)

- Ready, willing and able to expand our role in a robust mortgage finance system
- \$218.1 billion Insurance in force is up ~6% year over year at September 30, 2019
- 60+ years of experience provides an unparalleled foundation for success





Per company press releases



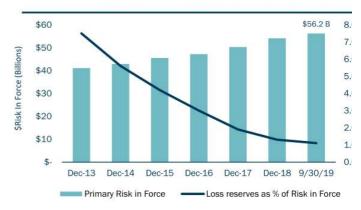
Well Positioned to Serve the Market



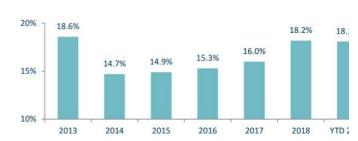
MGIC's Strong Positioning

- Exceptional customer service with low expense ratio
- Growing risk in force and improving credit performance
- Strong relationships with large, diverse customer base
 - ~5,000 originators or servicers transacted with MGIC in last 12 months
 - Top 25 lenders deliver <40% of new business in each of 2016, 2017 or 2018

Increasing Risk in Force and Improving Credit Profile



Highly Efficient and Low Cost Platform Expense Ratio (1)



^{1.} Expense Ratio for MGIC is for insurance operations. MGIC calculates expense ratio based on net written premiums, while some peers use net earned premiums to calculate expense ratios.



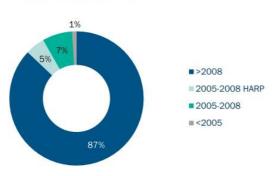
Well Positioned to Serve the Market

MGIC

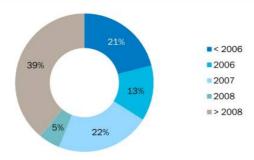
(as of September 30, 2019)

Primary Risk in Force \$56.2 Billion

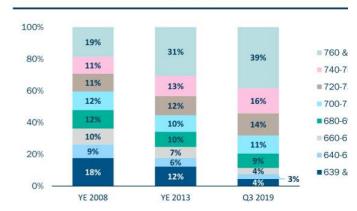
92% of RIF is >2008 or HARP



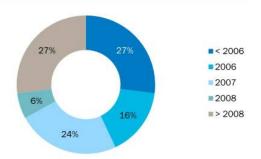
New Notices Received in Q3 2019



Risk in Force By FICO Score at Time of Origination (as of period ending)



Primary Delinquent Inventory



2009 – 2019 books account for 87% of risk in force, 39% of new notices of delinquency in Q3 19 and 27% of delinquent inventory.

Source: Company filings, Company data



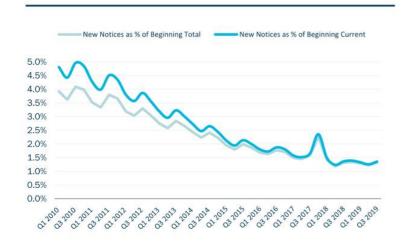
Positive Credit Trends

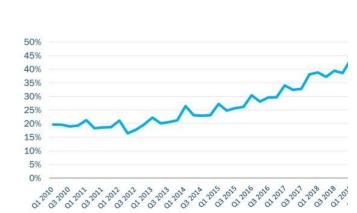
(as of September 30, 2019)



New Notices as Percent of Primary Loans Insured

Cures as Percent of Beginning Primary Delinquent Inventory



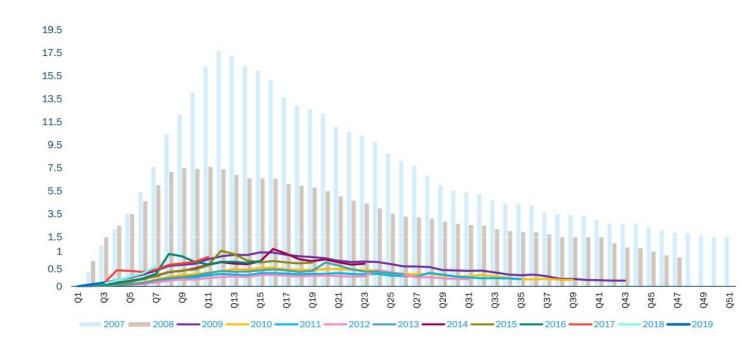




Delinquency Trends



Static Pool Analysis (as of September 30, 2019)



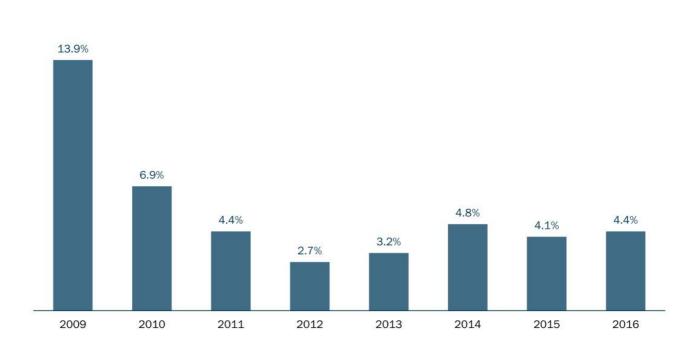
Static Pool Delinquency Rates = (total number of delinquent loans at the end of the stated reporting period) / (original number of loans insured in the annual periods shown)



High Quality Business Leads to Lower Losses and Solid Returns







- 1. Ever to date loss ratio is the sum of paid losses plus established primary loss reserves (not including IBNR) divided by net premiums earned for each book year shown as of September 30, 2
- 2. 2017 2019 not displayed as there is not an adequate period of aging to draw meaningful conclusions



Reconciliation of GAAP Net Income to Adjusted Net Operating Income (\$ in millions)



	Q1 16	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 17	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 18	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 19	Q2
GAAP Net Income	\$ 69.19	\$ 109.22	\$ 56.62	\$ 107.49	\$ 89.80	\$ 118.62	\$ 120.03	\$ 27.31	\$ 143.64	\$ 186.81	\$ 181.90	\$ 157.75	\$151.94	\$167.78
Effect of change in deferred tax asset valuation allowance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Additional income tax provision related to the rate decrease included in the Tax Act	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 133.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-
After-tax additional income tax provision related to IRS litigation	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.20	\$ 27.22	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.92	\$ (0.15)	\$ (3.94)	\$ -	\$-
After-tax net realized investment losses (gains)	\$ (1.99)	\$ (0.54)	\$ (3.31)	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.30)	\$ 0.26	\$ 1.50	\$ (0.88)	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.49	\$(0.17)
Loss on debt extinguishment	\$ 8.74	\$ 1.21	\$ 48.90	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.04	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Adjusted net operating income	\$ 76.13	\$ 110.04	\$ 102.40	\$ 107.72	\$ 117.10	\$ 119.25	\$ 120.68	\$ 160.65	\$ 144.61	\$ 189.24	\$ 180.87	\$ 154.00	\$ 152.43	\$167.6
Annualized adjusted net operating income	\$ 304.52	\$ 440.16	\$ 409.60	\$ 430.88	\$ 468.41	\$ 477.00	\$ 482.71	\$ 642.60	\$ 578.44	\$ 756.94	\$ 723.46	\$ 616.00	\$ 609.72	\$670.43
Beginning shareholders' equity	\$ 2,236.14	\$ 2,343.40	\$ 2,511.68	\$ 2,583.08	\$ 2,548.84	\$ 2,647.53	\$ 2,995.06	\$ 3,130.15	\$ 3,154.53	\$ 3,231.41	\$ 3,313.88	\$ 3,489.53	\$3,581.89	\$3,816.1
GAAP return on beginning shareholders' equity	12.4%	18.6%	9.0%	16.6%	14.1%	17.9%	16.0%	3.5%	18.2%	23.1%	22.0%	18.1%	17.0%	17.6%
Adjusted return on beginning shareholders' equity	13.6%	18.8%	16.3%	16.7%	18.4%	18.0%	16.1%	20.5%	18.3%	23.4%	21.8%	17.7%	17.0%	17.6%

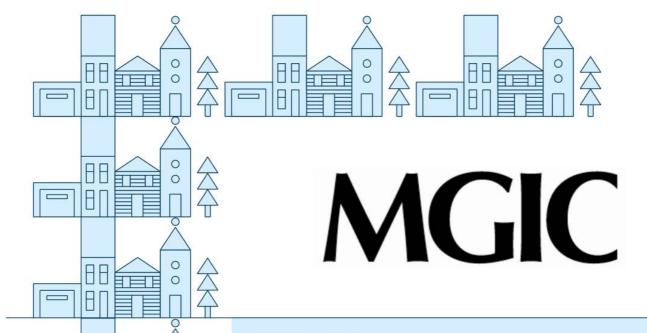


Summary of Risk Factors



Below is a brief summary of some of the risk factors that could cause the issuer's results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, the for looking statements included in this presentation. Before investing in the issuer's securities, investors should read and carefully consider the risks describe Exhibit 99 to the Company's Form 8-K furnished to the SEC on October 22, 2019.

- Competition or changes in our relationships with our customers could reduce our revenues, reduce our premium yields and / or increase our losses.
- The amount of insurance we write could be adversely affected if lenders and investors select alternatives to private mortgage insurance.
- Changes in the business practices of the GSEs, federal legislation that changes their charters or a restructuring of the GSEs could reduce our revenues or increase our losses.
- We may not continue to meet the GSEs' private mortgage insurer eligibility requirements and our returns may decrease if we are required to maintain more capital in orde maintain our eligibility.
- Reinsurance may not always be available or affordable.
- · We are involved in legal proceedings and are subject to the risk of additional legal proceedings in the future.
- We are subject to comprehensive regulation and other requirements, which we may fail to satisfy.
- If our risk management programs are not effective in identifying, or adequate in controlling or mitigating, the risks we face, or if the models used in our businesses are
 inaccurate, it could have a material adverse impact on our business, results of operations and financial condition.
- Because we establish loss reserves only upon a loan delinquency rather than based on estimates of our ultimate losses on risk in force, losses may have a disproportionate
 adverse effect on our earnings in certain periods.
- · Because loss reserve estimates are subject to uncertainties, paid claims may be substantially different than our loss reserves.
- We rely on our management team and our business could be harmed if we are unable to retain qualified personnel or successfully develop and/or recruit their replacement
- · If the volume of low down payment home mortgage originations declines, the amount of insurance that we write could decline.
- · State capital requirements may prevent us from continuing to write new insurance on an uninterrupted basis.
- Downturns in the domestic economy or declines in the value of borrowers' homes from their value at the time their loans closed may result in more homeowners defaulting our losses increasing, with a corresponding decrease in our returns.
- . The mix of business we write affects our Minimum Required Assets under the PMIERs, our premium yields and the likelihood of losses occurring.
- The premiums we charge may not be adequate to compensate us for our liabilities for losses and as a result any inadequacy could materially affect our financial condition results of operations.
- We are susceptible to disruptions in the servicing of mortgage loans that we insure.
- · Changes in interest rates, house prices or mortgage insurance cancellation requirements may change the length of time that our policies remain in force.
- · Our holding company debt obligations materially exceed our holding company cash and investments.
- Your ownership in our company may be diluted by additional capital that we raise or if the holders of our outstanding convertible debt convert that debt into shares of our common stock.
- The price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly, which may make it difficult for holders to resell common stock when they want or at a price they find attractive
- We could be adversely affected if personal information on consumers that we maintain is improperly disclosed and our information technology systems may become outdown and we may not be able to make timely modifications to support our products and services.
- Our success depends, in part, on our ability to manage risks in our investment portfolio.
- Our financial results may be adversely impacted by natural disasters; hurricanes and other natural disasters may impact our incurred losses, the amount and timing of paic claims, our inventory of notices of default and our Minimum Required Assets under PMIERs.



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